



Multiplication and Division Home Learning Booklet



Multiples of 10

- 1) Which values are missing from the 10 times table facts?

$$\square \times 10 = 60$$

$$12 \times 10 = \square$$

$$10 \times \square = 110$$

- 2) Anton can bake 10 cakes on a tray.



How many cakes can he bake on 9 trays?

- 3) Sweets come in bags of 10. A shopkeeper has 140 sweets. How many bags does the shopkeeper have?



- 4) Can you complete the sentence stems to describe the ten-frame representation?

10	10	10	10	10
10	10	10	10	10
10	10	10	10	10
10	10	10	10	10
10	10	10	10	

There are counters.

$$\square \times \square = \square$$

is a multiple of 10.

- 5) Can you complete each number track with the missing multiples of 10?

	160			190
--	-----	--	--	-----

210				
-----	--	--	--	--

Related Calculations

Practise solving related calculations by playing this dice game.

You will need:

- a dice (if you don't have a dice, you could use this free interactive 3D Dice Roller. You can find it on the Twinkl website. <https://www.twinkl.co.uk/resource/3d-dice-roller-t-m-1635323995>)



How to play:

- Roll a dice twice to create a 1-digit number multiplied by a 1-digit number calculation.
- Find the product of this calculation.
- Make one of the digits ten times bigger and then solve this second calculation.

Here's an example:

$$5 \times 6 = 30$$

$$50 \times 6 = 300$$

How many can you do?

Have a go at writing them down.

Extra Challenge

Can you write division statements for each of your multiplication statements?

Reasoning About Multiplication

Instructions:

- Cut out the multiplication expression cards.
- Can you compare the multiplication expressions to complete the statements below?
- You could stick them into the correct spaces.

	=	
--	---	--

	<	
--	---	--

	>	
--	---	--

Is there more than one answer for each statement? **Have a go at writing them down.**

2×4	1×8	3×2
10×5	8×4	5×3

Multiply a 2-Digit Number by a 1-Digit Number with No Regrouping

1) Use the place value charts to help you complete the multiplication questions.

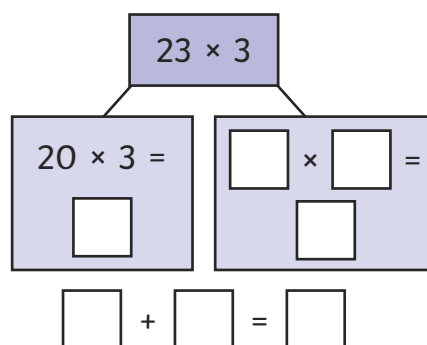
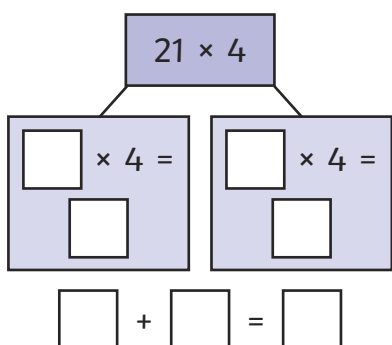
$$33 \times 3 = \square$$

30			3		
Tens			Ones		
10	10	10	1	1	1
10	10	10	1	1	1
10	10	10	1	1	1

$$\square \times \square + \square \times \square$$

$$\square + \square = \square$$

2) Complete the missing numbers to find the partial products and add them together to complete the multiplication.



3) Use the digit cards to create calculations multiplying 2-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers. How many can you make and solve?

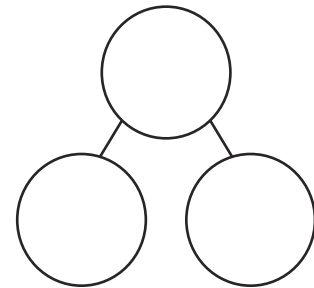


Multiply a 2-Digit Number by a 1-Digit Number with Regrouping

1) Use the place value chart and part-whole model to help you complete the calculation.

$$\square \times \square = \square$$

Tens	Ones



$$\square \times \square = \square$$

$$\square \times \square = \square$$

$$\square + \square = \square$$

2) Mia is making fruit skewers for her birthday party. She is making 28 skewers and would like 3 strawberries on each. How many strawberries will she need? **Show your working.**



3) Anton and Ajani are comparing their football sticker collection books.



I have filled 21 pages with 9 stickers on each page.

I have filled 24 pages with 8 stickers on each page.

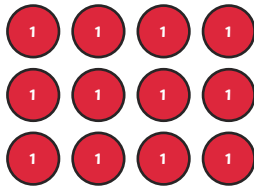


Who has more stickers?

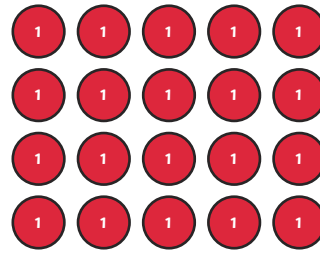
Show your working out.

Link Multiplication and Division

1) Complete the multiplication and division statements shown by the arrays.



$$\begin{array}{l} \boxed{3} \times \boxed{} = \boxed{12} \\ \boxed{} \times \boxed{3} = \boxed{} \\ \boxed{12} \div \boxed{} = \boxed{} \\ \boxed{} \div \boxed{} = \boxed{} \end{array}$$

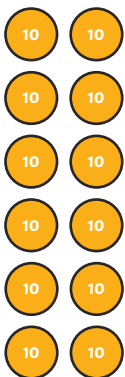


$$\begin{array}{l} \boxed{} \times \boxed{} = \boxed{} \\ \boxed{3} \times \boxed{} = \boxed{} \\ \boxed{} \div \boxed{} = \boxed{} \\ \boxed{} \div \boxed{} = \boxed{} \end{array}$$

2) Complete the multiplication and division statements shown by the arrays.



$$\begin{array}{l} \boxed{} \times \boxed{} = \boxed{} \\ \boxed{} \times \boxed{} = \boxed{} \\ \boxed{} \div \boxed{} = \boxed{} \\ \boxed{} \div \boxed{} = \boxed{} \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{l} \boxed{} \times \boxed{} = \boxed{} \\ \boxed{} \times \boxed{} = \boxed{} \\ \boxed{} \div \boxed{} = \boxed{} \\ \boxed{} \div \boxed{} = \boxed{} \end{array}$$

3) Solve the word problem.

A baker makes 280 cupcakes. He arranges them into boxes of 4 cupcakes. How many boxes of cupcakes will there be in total?



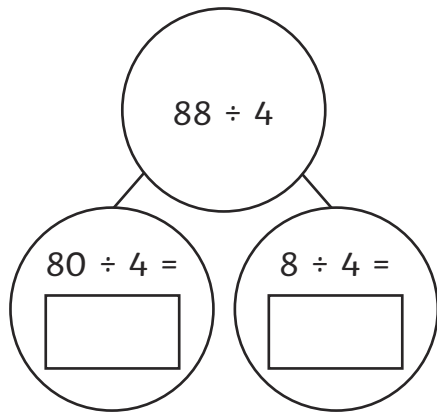
Show your method.

Divide a 2-Digit Number by a 1-Digit Number with No Exchange

- 1) Solve the division calculations. Use the place value charts and complete the part-whole models to help you.

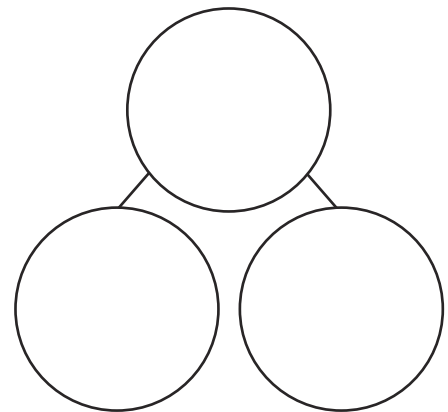
$$88 \div 4 = \square$$

Tens	Ones
	
	
	
	



$$36 \div 3 = \square$$

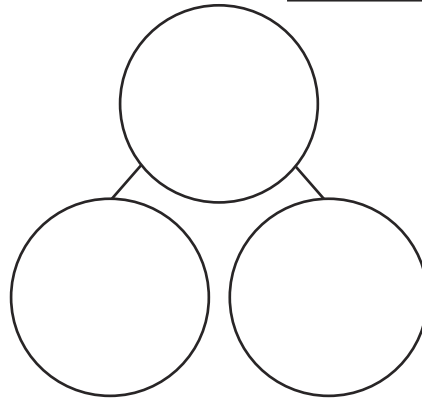
Tens	Ones



- 2) A pizza parlour sells 96 pizzas over three days. How many pizza did it sell each day?

$$\square \div \square = \square$$

Tens	Ones



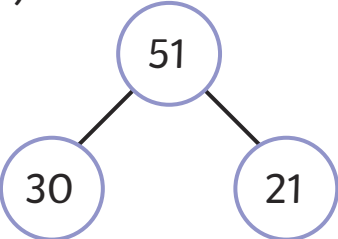
- 3) Charlie has a tub of 63 crayons. He says that these can be shared equally between 3 people. Is Charlie correct? Show your working.



Divide a 2-Digit Number by a 1-Digit Number Using Flexible Partitioning

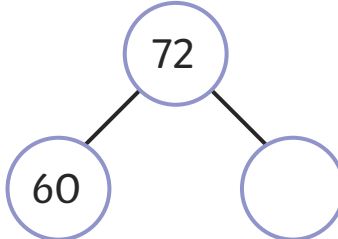
Solve each of the division calculations using flexible partitioning. Complete the part-whole model to help you. Each part will be a multiple of 3.

1)


$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \div 3 = \square \\ 21 \div \square = 7 \\ 10 + 7 = \square \end{array}$$

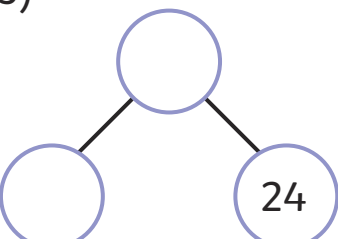
$$51 \div 3 =$$

2)


$$\begin{array}{r} \square \div 3 = \square \\ \square \div \square = \square \\ \square + \square = \square \end{array}$$

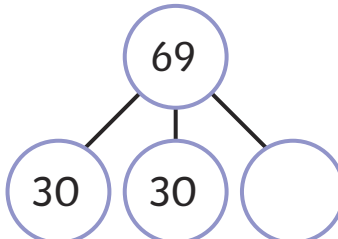
$$72 \div 3 =$$

3)


$$\begin{array}{r} \square \div 3 = \square \\ \square \div \square = \square \\ \square + \square = \square \end{array}$$

$$54 \div 3 =$$

4)

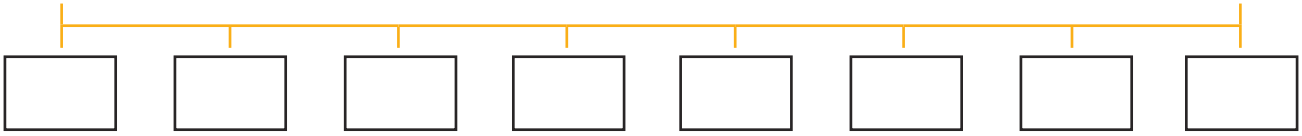

$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \div 3 = \square \\ \square \div \square = \square \\ \square \div \square = \square \\ \square + \square + \square = \square \end{array}$$

$$69 \div 3 =$$

Divide a 2-Digit Number by a 1-Digit Number with Remainders

1) Use the number line to calculate the division.

$$20 \div 3 = \square$$



2) Use the place value chart to calculate the division.

$$58 \div 4 = \square$$

Tens	Ones

3) What division does this show?

$$\square \div \square = \square$$

Tens	Ones

Challenge

How many lolly sticks does Sara have?

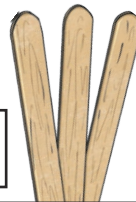
I have more than 40 and less than 50 sticks.



Sara

I can make triangles with no sticks left over.

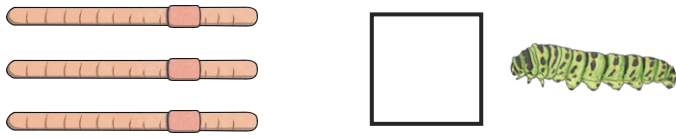
I can make pentagons but I will have a remainder of 3.



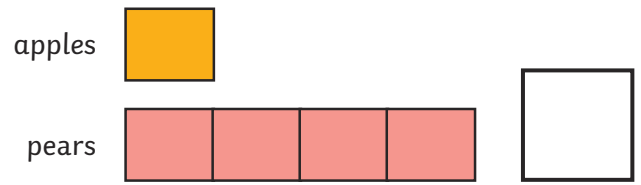
sticks

Scaling

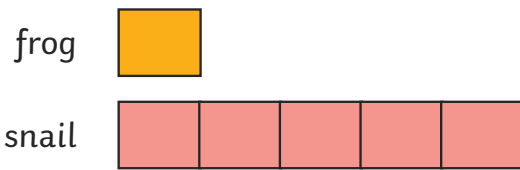
1) There are 3 times as many caterpillars as worms. How many caterpillars are there?



2) There are 16 pears. How many apples are there?

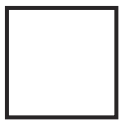


3) Which statements match the bar model? Tick them.



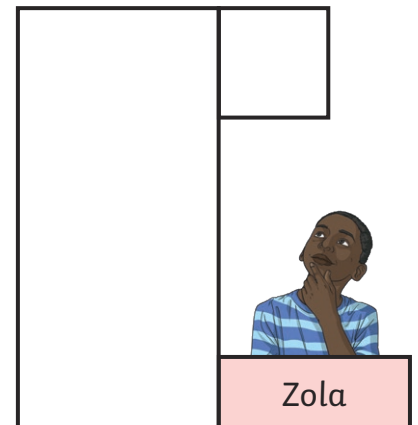
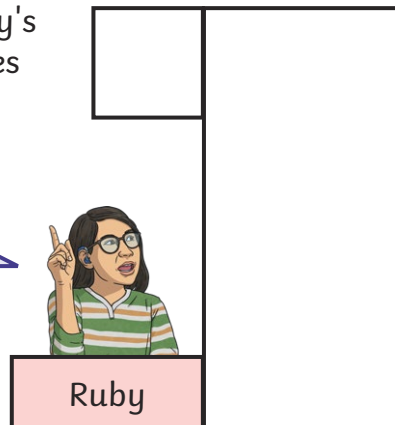
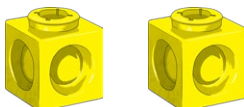
There are 5 frogs and 25 snails.	<input type="checkbox"/>
There are 8 frogs and 32 snails.	<input type="checkbox"/>
There are 15 snails and 5 frogs.	<input type="checkbox"/>

4) There are 3 times as many frogs as snails. There are 20 creatures altogether. How many frogs and how many snails are there? Draw a bar model to help you.



5) Draw towers of cubes so that Ruby's statement is true. How many cubes are in your towers?

I need 2 more cubes and my tower will be 3 times the size of Zola's.



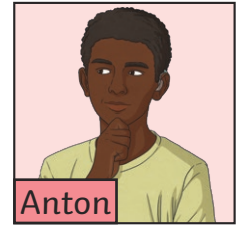
Challenge: Can you find other answers to this question?

How Many Ways?

- 1) Anton has 4 different T-shirts and 2 pairs of shorts.
How many possible combinations does he have altogether?
Write a multiplication calculation to show how you found the answer.



$$\square \times \square = \square$$



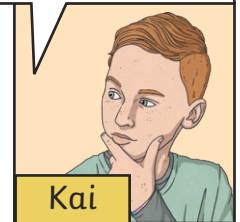
Anton



vanilla strawberry bubblegum sauce sprinkles

There are 5 possible combinations of flavours and toppings.

- 2) Is Kai correct? Explain your reasoning.



Kai

- 3) Sara is choosing a drink and a snack. There are 3 different drinks and she has 15 combinations to choose from. How many different snacks are there?



Sara

- 4) **Challenge:** Mia is looking at her sunglasses and hats. She has 12 different combinations altogether. She has more hats than sunglasses. How many pairs of sunglasses could she have?



Mia

Multiples of 10 Home Learning Answers

1) Which values are missing from the 10 times table facts?

$$\boxed{6} \times 10 = 60$$

$$12 \times 10 = \boxed{120}$$

$$10 \times \boxed{11} = 110$$

2) Anton can bake 10 cakes on a tray.



How many cakes can he bake on 9 trays?

90

3) Sweets come in bags of 10. A shopkeeper has 140 sweets. How many bags does the shopkeeper have?



14

4) Can you complete the sentence stems to describe the ten-frame representation?

10	10	10	10	10
10	10	10	10	10

10	10	10	10	10
10	10	10	10	10

10	10	10	10	

There are **24** counters.

$$\boxed{24} \times \boxed{10} = \boxed{240}$$

240 is a multiple of 10.

5) Can you complete each number track with the missing multiples of 10?

150 160 **170** **180** 190

210 **220** **230** **240** 250

Related Calculations Answers

Practise solving related calculations by playing this dice game.

You will need:

- a dice (if you don't have a dice, you could use this free interactive 3D Dice Roller. You can find it on the Twinkl website. <https://www.twinkl.co.uk/resource/3d-dice-roller-t-m-1635323995>)



How to play:

- Roll a dice twice to create a 1-digit number multiplied by a 1-digit number calculation.
- Find the product of this calculation.
- Make one of the digits ten times bigger and then solve this second calculation.

Here's an example:

$$5 \times 6 = 30$$

$$50 \times 6 = 300$$

How many can you do?

Have a go at writing them down.

There are many possible calculations.

Here are some examples:

$$1 \times 2 = 2$$

$$1 \times 20 = 20$$

$$2 \times 2 = 4$$

$$2 \times 20 = 40$$

$$3 \times 2 = 6$$

$$3 \times 20 = 60$$

$$4 \times 2 = 8$$

$$4 \times 20 = 80$$

$$5 \times 2 = 10$$

$$5 \times 20 = 100$$

Extra Challenge

Can you write division statements for each of your multiplication statements?

There are many possible calculations.

Here are some examples:

$$2 \div 2 = 1$$

$$20 \div 2 = 10$$

$$4 \div 2 = 2$$

$$40 \div 2 = 20$$

$$6 \div 2 = 3$$

$$60 \div 2 = 30$$

$$8 \div 2 = 4$$

$$80 \div 2 = 40$$

$$10 \div 2 = 5$$

$$100 \div 2 = 50$$

Reasoning About Multiplication **Answers**

Instructions:

- **Cut out the multiplication expression cards.**
- Can you compare the multiplication expressions to complete the statements below?
- **You could stick them into the correct spaces.**

2×4

 $=$

1×8

8×4

5×3

5×3

2×3

2×3

2×3

 $<$

10×5

8×4

10×5

10×5

8×4

5×3

10×5

8×4

10×5

10×5

8×4

5×3

 $>$

8×4

5×3

5×3

2×3

2×3

2×3

Is there more than one answer for each statement? **Have a go at writing them down.**

Multiply a 2-Digit Number by a 1-Digit Number with No Regrouping **Answers**

1) Use the place value charts to help you complete the multiplication questions.

$$33 \times 3 = \boxed{99}$$

30			3		
Tens			Ones		
10	10	10	1	1	1
10	10	10	1	1	1
10	10	10	1	1	1

$$\boxed{30} \times \boxed{3} + \boxed{3} \times \boxed{3}$$

$$\boxed{90} + \boxed{9} = \boxed{99}$$

2) Complete the missing numbers to find the partial products and add them together to complete the multiplication.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \boxed{21} \times \boxed{4} \\
 \swarrow \quad \searrow \\
 \boxed{20} \times \boxed{4} = \boxed{80} \quad \boxed{1} \times \boxed{4} = \boxed{4} \\
 \boxed{80} + \boxed{4} = \boxed{84}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \boxed{23} \times \boxed{3} \\
 \swarrow \quad \searrow \\
 \boxed{20} \times \boxed{3} = \boxed{60} \quad \boxed{3} \times \boxed{3} = \boxed{9} \\
 \boxed{60} + \boxed{9} = \boxed{69}
 \end{array}$$

3) Use the digit cards to create calculations multiplying 2-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers. How many can you make and solve?



Multiple answers are possible, including:

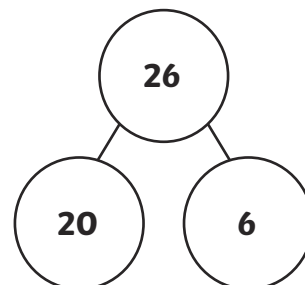
$12 \times 1 = 12$	$13 \times 1 = 13$	$23 \times 1 = 23$
$12 \times 2 = 24$	$13 \times 2 = 26$	$23 \times 2 = 46$
$12 \times 3 = 36$	$13 \times 3 = 39$	$23 \times 3 = 69$
$21 \times 1 = 21$	$31 \times 1 = 31$	$32 \times 1 = 32$
$21 \times 2 = 42$	$31 \times 2 = 62$	$32 \times 2 = 64$
$21 \times 3 = 63$	$31 \times 3 = 93$	$32 \times 3 = 96$

Multiply a 2-Digit Number by a 1-Digit Number with Regrouping **Answers**

1) Use the place value chart and part-whole model to help you complete the calculation.

$$\boxed{26} \times \boxed{4} = \boxed{104}$$

Tens	Ones

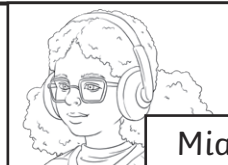


$$\boxed{20} \times \boxed{4} = \boxed{80}$$

$$\boxed{6} \times \boxed{4} = \boxed{24}$$

$$\boxed{80} + \boxed{24} = \boxed{104}$$

2) Mia is making fruit skewers for her birthday party. She is making 28 skewers and would like 3 strawberries on each. How many strawberries will she need? Show your working.



She will need 84 strawberries.

$$28 \times 3 = 84$$

$$20 \times 3 = 60$$

$$8 \times 3 = 24$$

$$60 + 24 = 84$$

3) Anton and Ajani are comparing their football sticker collection books.



I have filled 21 pages with 9 stickers on each page.

I have filled 24 pages with 8 stickers on each page.



Who has more stickers? **Ajani has more stickers.**

Show your working out.

$$21 \times 9 = 189$$

$$20 \times 9 = 180$$

$$1 \times 9 = 9$$

$$180 + 9 = 189$$

$$24 \times 8 = 192$$

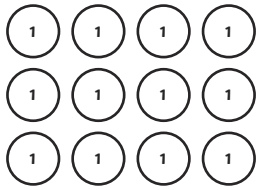
$$20 \times 8 = 160$$

$$4 \times 8 = 32$$

$$160 + 32 = 192$$

Link Multiplication and Division Answers

1) Complete the multiplication and division statements shown by the arrays.

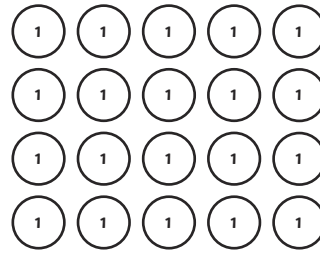


$$\boxed{3} \times \boxed{4} = \boxed{12}$$

$$\boxed{4} \times \boxed{3} = \boxed{12}$$

$$\boxed{12} \div \boxed{4} = \boxed{3}$$

$$\boxed{12} \div \boxed{3} = \boxed{4}$$



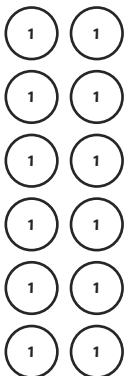
$$\boxed{5} \times \boxed{4} = \boxed{20}$$

$$\boxed{4} \times \boxed{5} = \boxed{20}$$

$$\boxed{20} \div \boxed{4} = \boxed{5}$$

$$\boxed{20} \div \boxed{5} = \boxed{4}$$

2) Complete the multiplication and division statements shown by the arrays.



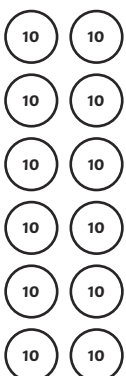
$$\boxed{2} \times \boxed{6} = \boxed{12}$$

$$\boxed{6} \times \boxed{2} = \boxed{12}$$

$$\boxed{12} \div \boxed{6} = \boxed{2}$$

$$\boxed{12} \div \boxed{2} = \boxed{6}$$

Multiple answers are possible.
Here are some suggested answers.



$$\boxed{2} \times \boxed{60} = \boxed{120}$$

$$\boxed{60} \times \boxed{2} = \boxed{120}$$

$$\boxed{120} \div \boxed{60} = \boxed{2}$$

$$\boxed{120} \div \boxed{2} = \boxed{60}$$

3) Solve the word problem.

A baker makes 280 cupcakes. He arranges them into boxes of 4 cupcakes. How many boxes of cupcakes will there be in total?

Show your method.

70

$$\boxed{280 \div 4 = 70.}$$

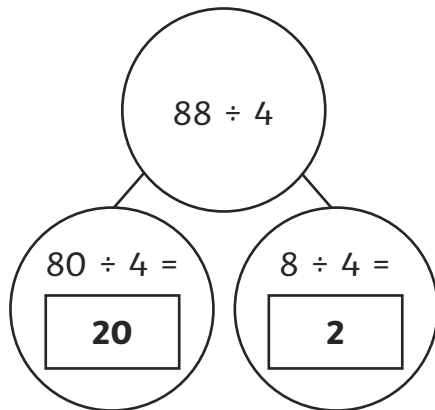
Children may carry out the related calculation $28 \div 4$ and then make the answer ten times greater to help them reach the answer.

Divide a 2-Digit Number by a 1-Digit Number with No Exchange **Answers**

1) Solve the division calculations. Use the place value charts and complete the part-whole models to help you.

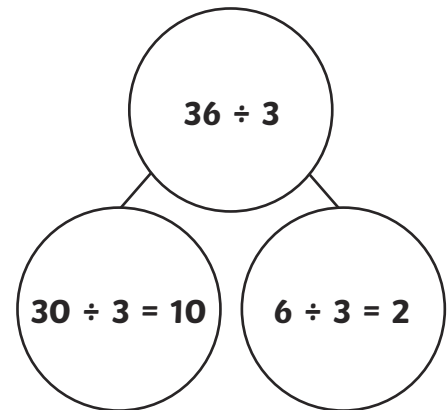
$$88 \div 4 = \boxed{22}$$

Tens	Ones
10 10	1 1
10 10	1 1
10 10	1 1
10 10	1 1



$$36 \div 3 = \boxed{12}$$

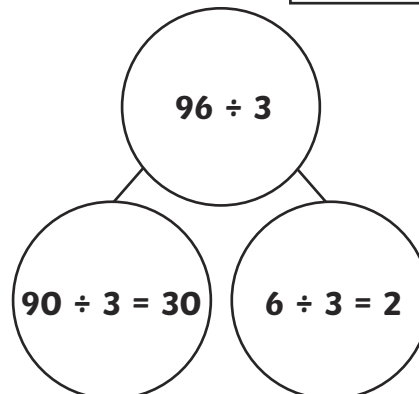
Tens	Ones
10	1 1
10	1 1
10	1 1



2) A pizza parlour sells 96 pizzas over three days. How many pizza did it sell each day?

$$\boxed{96} \div \boxed{3} = \boxed{32}$$

Tens	Ones
10 10 10	1 1
10 10 10	1 1
10 10 10	1 1



3) Charlie has a tub of 63 crayons. He says that these can be shared equally between 3 people. Is Charlie correct? Show your working.

Yes, Charlie is correct.

$$63 \div 3 = 21$$

$$60 \div 3 = 20$$

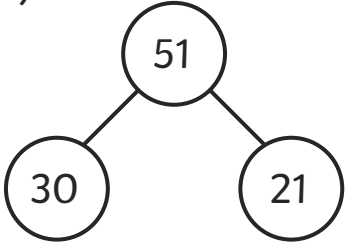
$$3 \div 3 = 1$$

$$20 + 1 = 21$$

Divide a 2-digit Number by a 1-digit Number Using Flexible Partitioning **Answers**

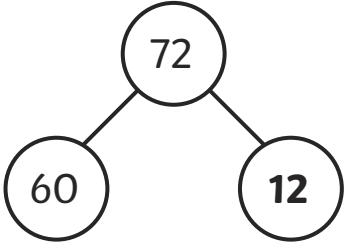
Solve each of the division calculations using flexible partitioning. Complete the part-whole model to help you.
Each part will be a multiple of 3.

1)


$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \div 3 = 10 \\ 21 \div 3 = 7 \\ 10 + 7 = 17 \end{array}$$

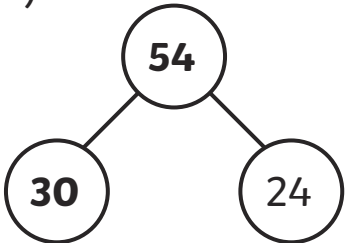
$51 \div 3 = 17$

2)


$$\begin{array}{r} 60 \div 3 = 20 \\ 12 \div 3 = 4 \\ 20 + 4 = 24 \end{array}$$

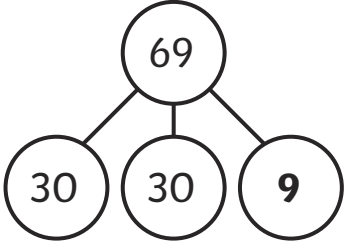
$72 \div 3 = 24$

3)


$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \div 3 = 10 \\ 24 \div 3 = 8 \\ 10 + 8 = 18 \end{array}$$

$54 \div 3 = 18$

4)

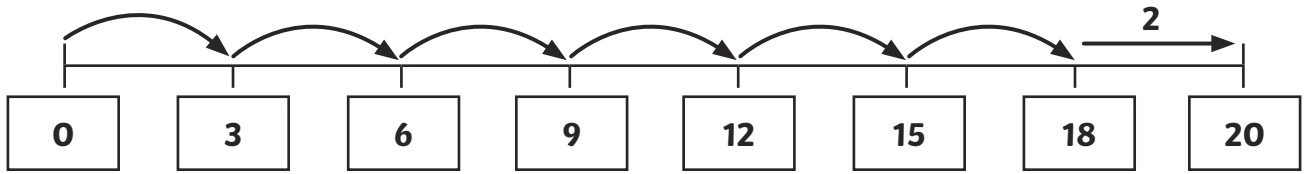

$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \div 3 = 10 \\ 30 \div 3 = 10 \\ 9 \div 3 = 3 \\ 10 + 10 + 3 = 23 \end{array}$$

$69 \div 3 = 23$

Divide a 2-Digit Number by a 1-Digit Number with Remainders

1) Use the number line to calculate the division.

$$20 \div 3 = \boxed{6r2}$$



2) Use the place value chart to calculate the division.

$$58 \div 4 = \boxed{14r2}$$

Tens	Ones
(10)	(1) (1) (1) (1)
(10)	(1) (1) (1) (1)
(10)	(1) (1) (1) (1)
(10)	(1) (1) (1) (1)

3) What division does this show?

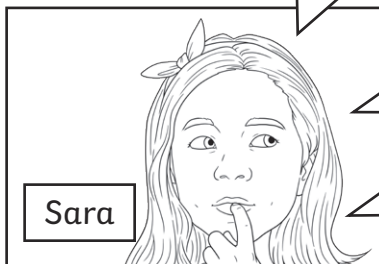
$$\boxed{71} \div \boxed{3} = \boxed{23r2}$$

Tens	Ones
(10) (10)	(1) (1) (1)
(10) (10)	(1) (1) (1)
(10) (10)	(1) (1) (1)

Challenge

How many lolly sticks does Sara have?

I have more than 40 and less than 50 sticks.



Sara

I can make triangles with no sticks left over.

I can make pentagons but I will have a remainder of 3.

If Sara can make triangles with no remainder, she could have 42, 45 or 48 sticks, as these are the multiples of 3 between 40 and 50.

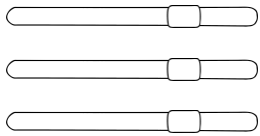
If she has 42 sticks, she will have a remainder of 2 when she makes pentagons. If she has 45, there will be no remainder. She must have 48 sticks.

$$48 \div 5 = 9r3$$

48 sticks

Scaling Answers

1) There are 3 times as many caterpillars as worms. How many caterpillars are there?



9



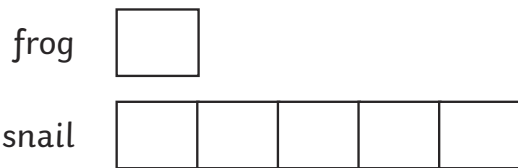
2) There are 16 pears. How many apples are there?

apples

pears

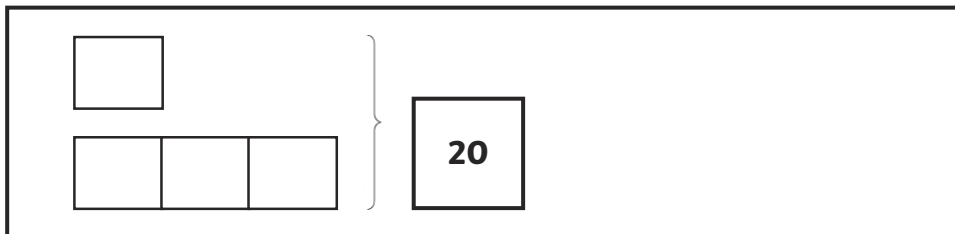
4

3) Which statements match the bar model? Tick them.



There are 5 frogs and 25 snails.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
There are 8 frogs and 32 snails.	<input type="checkbox"/>
There are 15 snails and 5 frogs.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

4) There are 3 times as many frogs as snails. There are 20 creatures altogether. How many frogs and how many snails are there? Draw a bar model to help you.



15



5

5) Draw towers of cubes so that Ruby's statement is true. How many cubes are in your towers?

Several answers are possible. Check that Ruby's tower is 3 times the size of Zola's (minus 2 cubes).

Example answers are:

10

Ruby

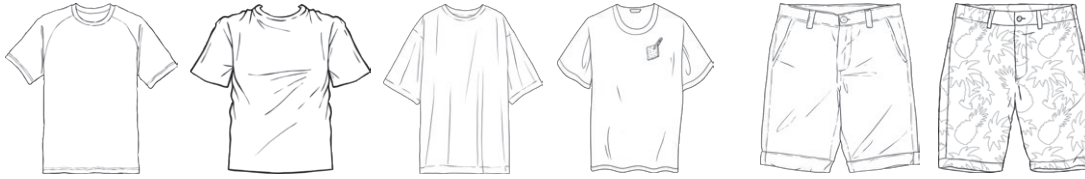
4

Zola

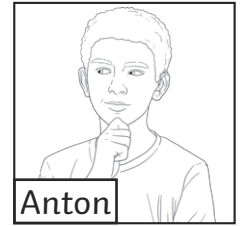
Zola 1 and Ruby 1, Zola 2 and Ruby 4, Zola 3 and Ruby 7, Zola 4 and Ruby 10, Zola 5 and Ruby 13.

How Many Ways? Answers

- 1) Anton has 4 different T-shirts and 2 pairs of shorts.
How many possible combinations does he have altogether?
Write a multiplication calculation to show how you found the answer.



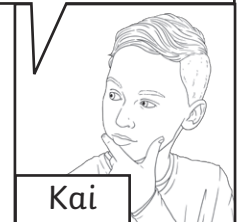
$$4 \times 2 = 8$$



There are 5 possible combinations of flavours and toppings.

- 2) Is Kai correct? Explain your reasoning.

No. There are 3 different flavours and 2 toppings. $3 \times 2 = 6$. There are 6 possible combinations.



- 3) Sara is choosing a drink and a snack. There are 3 different drinks and she has 15 combinations to choose from. How many different snacks are there?

$3 \times 5 = 15$, so there are 5 different types of snacks.



- 4) **Challenge:** Mia is looking at her sunglasses and hats. She has 12 different combinations altogether. She has more hats than sunglasses. How many pairs of sunglasses could she have?

Possible combinations are: 1×12 , 2×6 and 3×4 . She has more hats each time so the number of sunglasses she could have is 1, 2 or 3.

